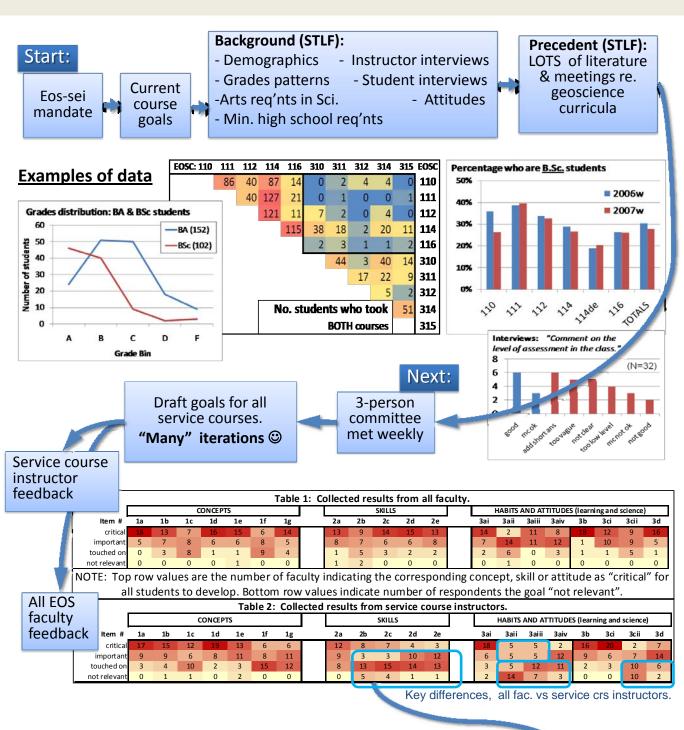
Service course curriculum **GOSC...** in Earth & Ocean Sciences 310, 311, 312, 314, 315, 326

110, 111, 112, 114, 116

Mandate: Determine core learning outcomes for students in EOS service courses. **Def'n of EOS service courses**: open to ALL; likely the only E/O/A course taken at UBC.



Recommendations presented at Dep't retreat '09

- Goals matrix for each course.
- Make goals public (web).
- Use as start for degree program curricula reviews.
- Develop workshops: "Teaching to meet Dep't aims".

Finally:

Modified aims for all EOS service courses.



EARTH & OCEAN SCIENCES SCIENCE EDUCATION INITIATIVE



The University Of British Columbia

April 2009

Proposed Departmental Goals for Service Courses

- 1. Knowledge and major concepts: Students taking a service course in EOS will learn about ...
 - a. the spatial and temporal scales at which Earth's processes operate.
 - b. how Earth changes through time.
 - c. Earth's materials and their properties.
 - d. Earth's systems and complex interactions.
 - e. how Earth and humans are inextricably linked.
 - f. the methods earth scientists use to collect and analyze evidence.
 - g. how to use evidence to evaluate earth science concepts and draw conclusions.
- 2. Skills: Students taking a service course in EOS will develop their abilities to ...
 - a. read, visualize and interpret spatial representations of Earth science data.
 - b. apply high school level math and science skills to real world settings.
 - c. distinguish among evidence (data), models, assumptions, hypotheses, theories, interpretations, & predictions / recommendations in non-specialist readings or other media.
 - d. reason with incomplete information.
 - e. reason with and/or evaluate multiple working hypotheses.

3. Habits and attitudes:

- a. Service courses in EOS should actively help students to employ appropriate learning skills for the Earth, ocean or atmospheric sciences, including:
 - i. identifying and using learning goals for the course, module or lesson;
 - ii. consciously assessing progress and modifying study actions;
 - iii. using feedback from instructors, peers, and/or self-reflection.
- b. Service courses in EOS should actively help students to consider science as an ongoing endeavor that embraces curiosity, creativity and societal needs, and is not just a set of facts.
- c. Service courses in EOS should actively help students recognize and experience two approaches used in the Earth system sciences, including:
 - i. historical, descriptive, systems-oriented approaches;
 - ii. experimental approaches.
- d. Service courses in EOS should actively help students to ask "How do we know?", "Why do we accept it?", and "What is the evidence for ...?".